

PDU Setup

This document is intended for use by a technical audience and describes a number of procedures that are potentially hazardous. Installations should be carried out by competent persons only.

Syvecs and the author accept no liability for any damage caused by the incorrect installation or configuration of the equipment.

Please Note that due to frequent firmware changes certain windows might not be the same as the manual illustrates. If so please contact the Syvecs Tech Team for Assistance.

Support@Syvecs.com

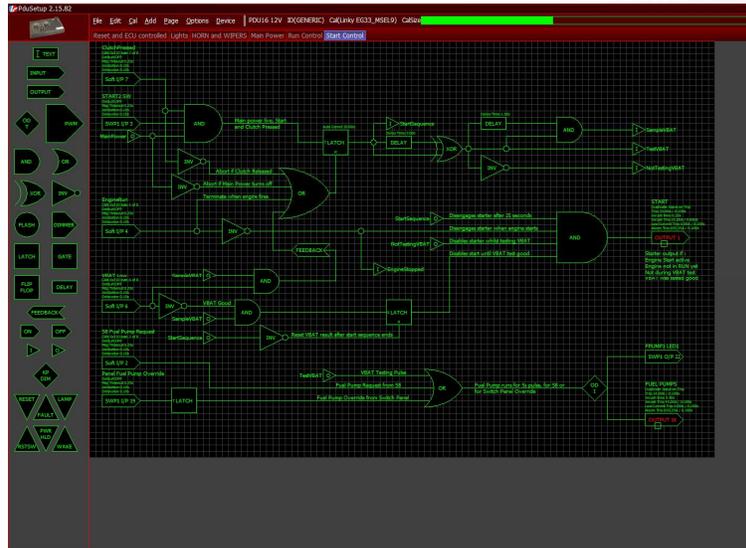
Contents

Contents

Contents	1
1 Introduction	2
2 File	3
Device	3
Working Directory	3
Main Display.....	4
3 Calibrate	4
Components	5
I/O-FurtherProperties	8
Input Properties	8
Output Properties	9
Simulate	11
4 Tools	11
Monitor.....	11
Cal options.....	12
Options	13
Global Options	13
5 CanBus Connections	14
Canbus Soft Inputs and Outputs	15

1 Introduction

PduSetup is used to create PDU calibrations to control how the PDU behaves. This is done with the use of graphically represented logic control.



Due to continuous development, some features may change and the manual will update periodically. Please ensure you have the latest version dated on the cover page of this document.

Menu Shortcuts

Syvecs applications are intended for quick operation without the use of a mouse for improved usability in the pit lane. All menu buttons can therefore be reached using keyboard shortcuts. Each option has an underlined letter, identifying its shortcut key or the shortcut displayed to the left. Dialogue boxes can be navigated with the arrow keys. The <Spacebar> can be used to select while <Enter> and <Esc> are used as OK and CANCEL respectively.

2 File

PC

Select File, New and select the PDU type to create a new calibration. The PDU type is required to build the list of inputs and outputs available. Load a previously saved calibration by selecting File, Load.

Save the calibration to the working directory with File, Save or to a different location with File, saveTo.

Select File, Print to print the current page in black and white as it is seen. This includes text and simulation status.

Device

Retrieve a calibration from a connected PDU with Device, Get.

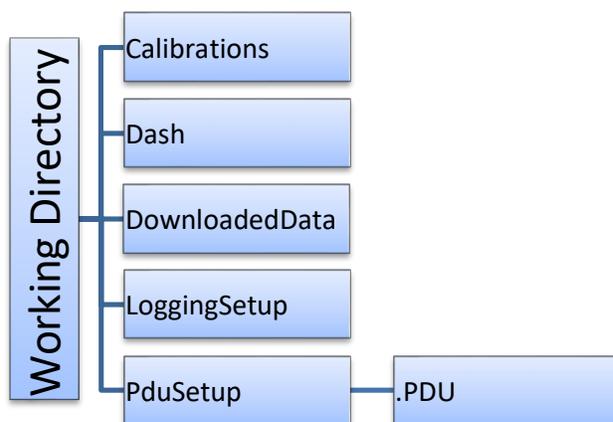
Program a calibration to a connected PDU by selecting Device, Set. When programming is complete, device information will be displayed as well as any messages describing calibration problems such as invalid current limits. Check the specific product datasheet to see these limits.

Note

Connecting to a device with Device, Connect is used for monitoring only. No changes to the calibration can be made or programmed when in this state.

Working Directory

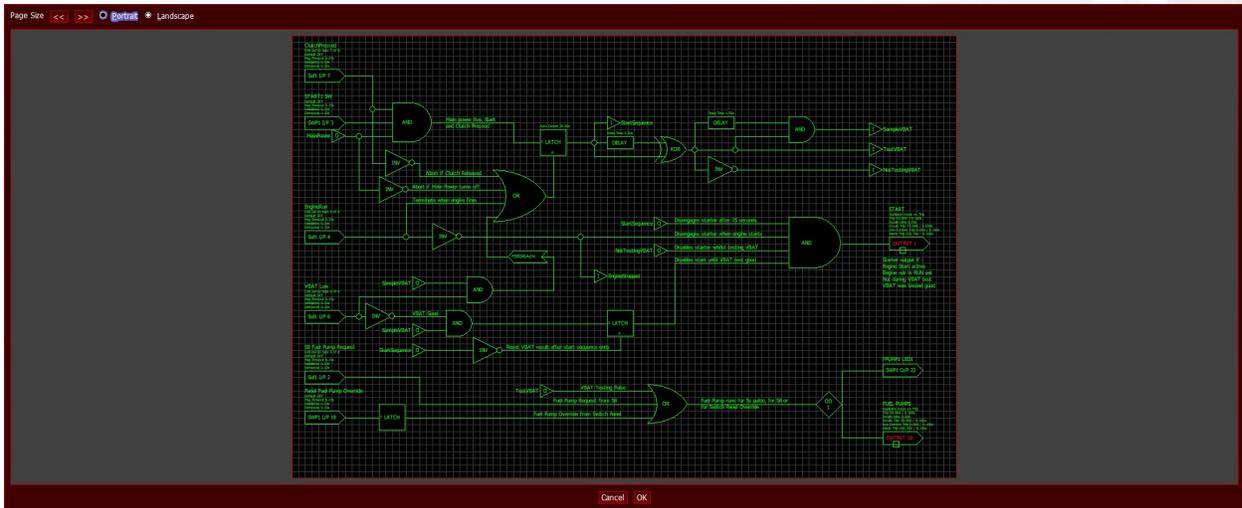
The working directory is maintained across all Syvecs applications and can be edited in PduSetup. To change the current working directory select Working directory under File. Use *CREATE* to create a new folder in the current location. Use *SELECT* to select the current location as the new working directory. If the location has not been used before, a .CFG file will be created. Selecting *Working Dir Behaviour* allows editing of the .CFG file. All .PDU files are saved in the PduSetup folder with no further directories.



3 Calibrate

Main Display

The main display can consist of several tabs or 'pages' displaying a grid. The pages can be added, deleted, renamed, resized and cleared under the Page menu. Numerical shortcuts can also be found here to switch between pages.



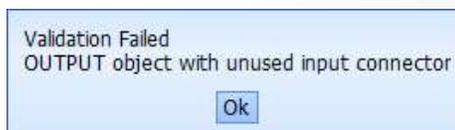
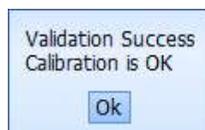
In the menu bar, the total calibration size and connection state is shown. The bar displayed represents the calibration size as a proportion of total available memory. When this is over the limit, the bar will turn yellow and programming will not be allowed. The tooltip comment cannot be deleted but can be edited. The text here is what is displayed in the file menu in the same way as a file comment.

The keyboard can be used instead of the mouse with the following alternative controls:

Command	Mouse	Keyboard
Move pointer	Drag	Arrows
Select	Left click	Spacebar
Options	Right click	Enter
Zoom	Mouse wheel	+/-

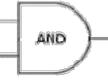
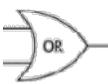
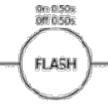
Common windows shortcuts can be used to cut, copy, paste, undo and redo or can be accessed under the Edit menu.

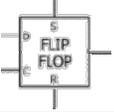
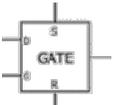
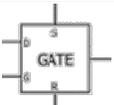
When calibration is complete, it can be validated by selecting Cal, Validate. This will then display an error if validation fails and hint at the cause.



Components

Components can either be dragged onto the display with the mouse from the component panel displayed on the left of the screen or added from the Add menu. They can then be dragged around the grid into position. Hold <Ctrl> or draw a box to select multiple components. Select component nodes and drag to draw connectors between them. Add interconnects to create bends by selecting partway down the connection or at the end of a loose connection. Components and connections can be deleted or have further options edited by right clicking.

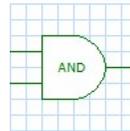
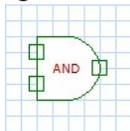
Shortcut	Symbol	Description	Menu Options
<u>T</u> ext		Add text to the display.	Edit or lock text. When locked, text is displayed in yellow and cannot be moved or edited until unlocked.
<u>I</u> ntput -		A physical or soft input.	Further properties.
<u>O</u> utput		A physical or soft output.	Lock output. When locked, all connected components will also be locked and displayed in yellow. These components cannot be edited or moved until the output is unlocked. Add or remove a trip output. This acts as a bypass if the output fails. Further properties.
<u>O</u> utput <u>D</u> istributor		Multiple output distributor	Toggle individual or team distribution.
<u>A</u> nd		Logical AND. Triggers when all inputs are high.	Add or remove additional inputs.
<u>O</u> r		Logical OR. Triggers when any single or multiple inputs are high.	Add or remove additional inputs.
<u>X</u> or		Logical XOR. Triggers when any single input is high.	Add or remove additional inputs.
<u>I</u> nvert		Logical NOT. Reverse the input.	Add or remove a conditional input. Will cause the inverter to only work when conditional input is high.
<u>F</u> lash		Switch between high and low at set intervals.	Properties including on and off durations.
<u>L</u> atch		Output is toggled when T (toggle) is high. Output set to high when S (Set) is high and low when R (reset) is high.	Add or remove Set, Toggle and Reset inputs. Properties including auto-cancel time which will reset the latch after the specified time.

Flip Flop		Output = D (data input) only when C (clock input) is on rising edge.	Add or remove Set and Reset inputs. S latches output as high, R latches output as low.
Delay		Delayed on by set delay time, instant off.	Properties including delay time.
Feedback		Return loops to inputs.	None
ON (1)		Always high input.	None
OFF (0)		Always low input.	None
Link IN (2)		Terminate to continue at matching Link OUT (Can be on a different page)	Edit name of link for Link Out.
Link OUT (3)		Continue from matching Link IN (Can be on a different page)	Edit which link to use.
Keypad Dimmer		Keypad dimmer control. Set to 'Night' when high.	Set high and low levels (%).
Reset		Reset PDU fuses and fault clear when high.	None
Fault		Active when a PDU hard output has tripped.	None
Gate		Output = D (data input) when G (Gate input) is high and latches when G is low.	Add or remove Set and Reset inputs. S latches output as high, R latches output as low.
Lamp		Keypad dimmer control. Set to 'Night' when high.	Set high and low levels (%).
RSTSW		Reset PDU fuses and fault clear when high.	None
Dimmer		Active when a PDU hard output has tripped.	None
Wake		Output = D (data input) when G (Gate input) is high and latches when G is low.	Add or remove Set and Reset inputs. S latches output as high, R latches output as low.

Examples of how each component can be used are found in the example calibration provided during software installation. By default, this file is located in:

C:\Users\Public\Documents\Syvecs\PduSetup\ExampleCalibration.PDU

A components text will appear green when it is fully defined and red when it is not. A component is defined when all of its input and output nodes are used and properties correctly set. Before simulating or programming, all input nodes must be used. Output nodes can remain free to allow testing of subsystems and partial logic but will remain red.



I/O -Further Properties

Input Properties

Input Properties

Input # Input 1

Name Test1

Pull Up Pull Down

Alarm on timeout Default on timeout

Default state ON Default state OFF

Msg Timeout: 0.250

Analogue

High Threshold 4.0 V

Low Threshold 1.0 V

Validation 0.10 s

Debounce 0.10 s

Active High Active Low

OK Cancel

Input

Select input to assign. Either physical, soft (CAN) or LR switch panel. CAN inputs are setup under *Cal, Communications*.

Name

Type name to be visible on main display.

Pull Up/Down (physical inputs only)

Set whether the input is in a high or low state with no input signal.

Alarm/Default on timeout (soft input only)

Choose between triggering an alarm or switching to default state when message timeout has expired.

Default state ON/OFF (soft input only)

If 'Default on timeout' is selected, choose what this default state should be.

Msg Timeout (soft input only)

Type the amount of time allowed between messages before a timeout is triggered.

Analogue (physical input 1-4 only)

Tick this box if the input is an analogue input

High Threshold (physical input 1-4 only)

If input is analogue, type the upper threshold voltage.

Calibrate

Low Threshold (physical input 1-4 only)

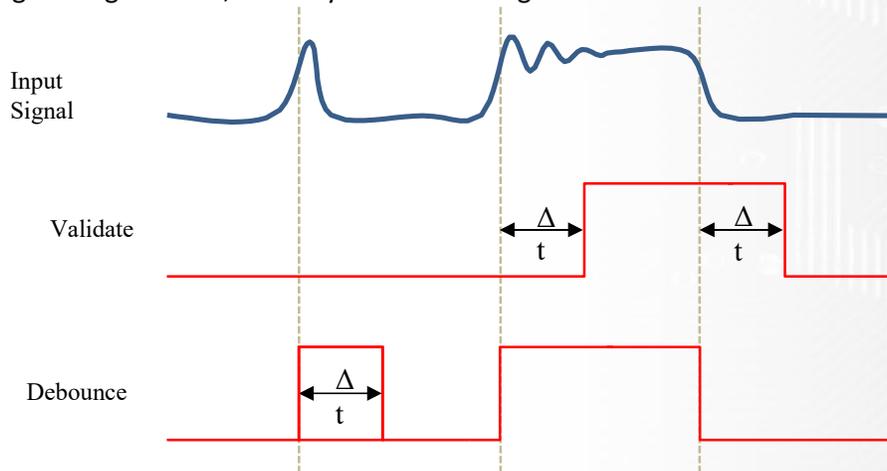
If input is analogue, type the lower threshold voltage.

Validation

Requires an input signal to be consistent for the defined amount of time before acknowledging it as in input. Validation causes a small delay but avoids accidental switching.

Debounce

After detecting a change in state, instantly stabilises the signal for the defined amount of time.



Active High/Low (physical input only)

Set if input is active at high or low voltages. Logic uses input active state and not voltages.

Output Properties

The screenshot shows the 'Output Properties' dialog box with the following settings:

- Output #: UNASSIGNED
- Name: [Empty]
- Inductive Load Low Side Pullup
- Status Output: Copy input while Tripped (default)
 - Trip Active
 - Alarm Active
- Trip: 1.00 A, 0.100 s
- Inrush Handling: Inrush Fuse (default)
 - Soft Start
- Inrush Time: 0.25 s
- Inrush Trip: 10.00 A, 0.050 s
- Low Current Trip: 0.00 A, 0.100 s
- Alarm: 655.35 A, 0.100 s
- Buttons: OK, Cancel

Output

Select output to assign. Either physical high side, physical low side (PDU10 only), soft (CAN) or LR switch panel LED. CAN outputs are setup under Cal, Communications.

Name

Type name to be visible on main display.

Inductive Load (physical output only)

Set whether the output is an inductive load or not (Anything with a coil i.e. motors, pumps etc.). Setting an output as inductive increases the circuit protection required.

Trip (physical output only)

The output will trigger a fault when the trip current is exceeded for longer than the designated time period. This disables the faulted output.

Often when an output is initially switched on it may draw extra current for a period of time. This is known as the inrush period. During this time it may be desirable to have a different trip value.

Inrush (physical output only)

Specify the length of the inrush period. This affects how long the inrush trip is active.

Inrush Trip (physical output only)

A separate current trip applied during the inrush phase. The output will trigger a fault when the trip current is exceeded for longer than the designated time period. This disables the faulted output.

Low Current Trip (physical output only)

The output will trigger a fault when the current is less than the specified trip current for longer than the designated time period.

Alarm Trip (physical output only)

A CAN message is sent as a warning when the output current exceeds the specified value for longer than the designated time period.

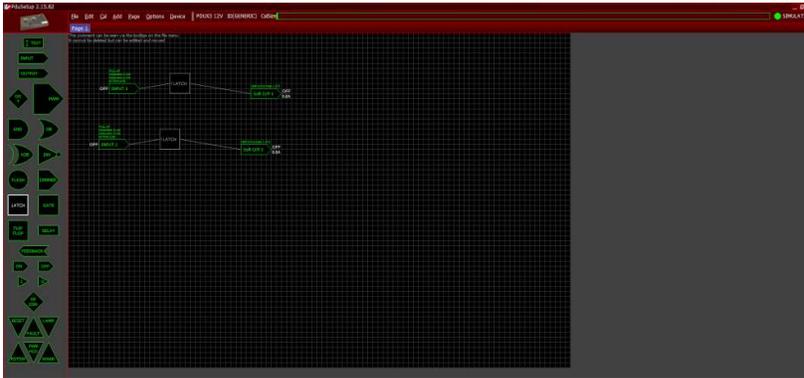
Note

Trips can be reset with a 'circuit reset' (activating the RESET component in the calibration or switching the physical reset pin) or with a power cycle. A reset can only occur once every two seconds per output team.

4 Tools

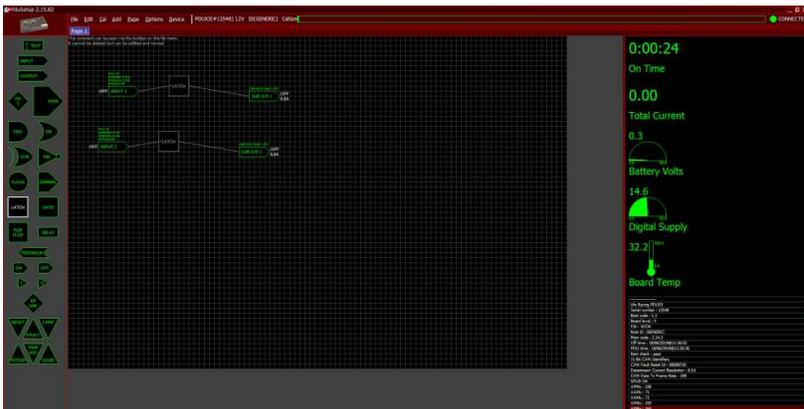
Simulate

A full or partial calibration can be simulated to test that the calibration is behaving as intended. All input nodes must be assigned before simulation but output nodes can remain free. Simulation includes the state of all internal components so each step can be monitored. Toggle simulation mode by selecting Cal, Start/Stop Simulation. The connection status should be flashing green and display 'SIMULATING'. In this mode, components will all become locked so they cannot be moved or edited. Inputs can be toggled on and off by selecting them. Selecting an output will simulate a fault if enabled. Components will be shaded when active. Faults are displayed in red.



Monitor

Select Device, Connect to connect to a PDU. This will automatically retrieve the calibration stored and begin monitoring all inputs and outputs as well as supply voltage, board temperature and general messages displayed to the right of the main display. The message box can be cleared by selecting Device, Clear Messages.



In this mode, components will all become locked so they cannot be moved or edited. Input and output states are visible but the internal logic cannot be monitored. Inputs and outputs can be forced into on or off states by right clicking to bring up the options. Selecting automatic will revert the component to display real time states.

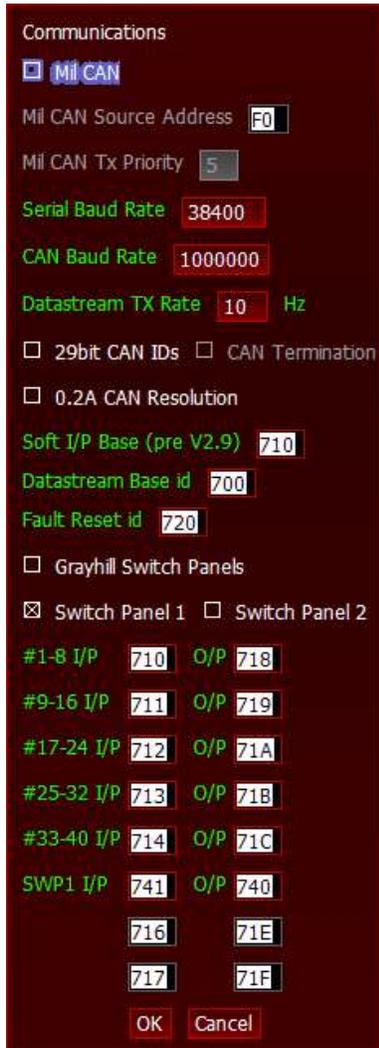
To stop monitoring and enable editing select Device, Disconnect.

Cal options

These options affect the calibration file and can be found under the Cal menu.

Communications

Set custom CAN settings here including soft I/O addresses.



Mil CAN:	DO NOT USE. For military applications only.
Serial Baud Rate:	Change serial baud rate. Must match all devices on bus.
CAN Baud Rate:	Change CAN baud rate. Must match all devices on bus.
Datastream TX Rate:	Transmission rate in Hz
29bit CAN IDs:	Allows 29bit addresses to be used.
0.2A CAN Resolution:	Toggle between default 0.5A and 0.2A measurement resolution
Soft I/P Base (pre V2.9):	Starting address of soft I/O for pre V2.9 products (16 Frames).
Datastream Base id:	Starting address of PDU CAN datastream including output states and currents (10 frames).
Fault Reset id:	Receiving this frame, regardless of content, has the same effect as the RESET schematic component.
Switch Panels:	Tick these if LR Panel is used and also tick Grayhill option if using a Grayhill CanOpen Panel
I/O:	Custom soft I/O addresses. 8bits per I/O.

For more CAN information including content and default template, please refer to the Universal CAN Template Manual or contact Syvecs.

Change Type

Change the type of PDU associated with the calibration file. This changes the number of physical I/O available and must be correct before programming.

Change Operating Voltage

Switch between 12V and 24V power supply.

Change Identify

Change identity associated with the calibration file.

Enable PDU10 FaultPin

For PDU10 calibrations only, Input 8 may be assigned as the fault pin. This allows a mechanical switch with an LED indicator to be used as a hard reset switch in the same way as the RESET schematic component.

Other PDU products have a dedicated fault pin for this purpose.

Options

These general options are found under the *Options* menu.

Enable/Disable Grab and drag

Enable or disable the ability to drag the screen around when zoomed in. When disabled, box selection is enabled.

Enable/Disable Auto Offline

With auto offline active, if a device has been disconnected for more than 5 seconds PduSetup will revert to Offline mode and will require a manual *Device*, *Connect* to re-establish a connection or begin a new connection with a different device. If deactivated, it will continue to search for the same device only and automatically reconnect if available.

Global Options

Global options affect all applications and can be found under *File*, *Global Options*.

Black-on-White colour scheme

Toggle the colour scheme of all Syvecs applications between a white background and a black background. The best option will be dependent on screen quality, ambient lighting and user preference.

Colour Blind (yellow/green)

Changes fixed yellows to purple to aid with yellow/green confusion.

Reverse Folder Order (in file menu)

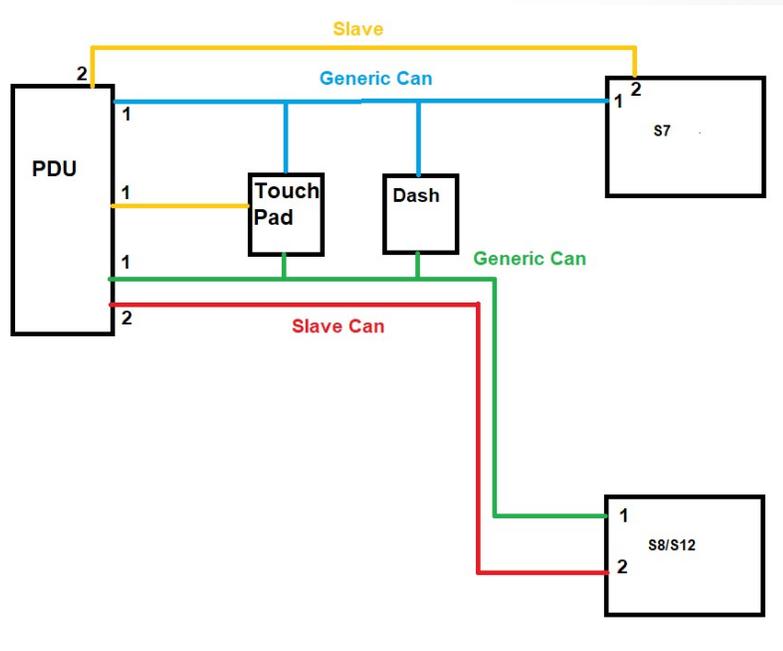
Folders are ordered alphabetically in the file menu. Tick this box to reverse this order.

Floating Mouse Focus (in dialogs)

Causes whatever the mouse pointer is hovering over to be highlighted as if it was selected with the keyboard.

5 CanBus Connections

Connection options and Setup



S6Plus/S6-I/S7I - Has 1 Can Available, if generic S6-I/S6+/S7-I then Can1 is 1mb. PnP Kits Can1 is used for OEM integration but some custom code can be done so that generic can frames for PDU are also sent from the ECU. As a 2nd Canbus is not available on this Ecu a slave connection is not possible.

S7Plus - Has 2 Can Available, if generic S7+ then Can1 is 1mb. PnP Kits Can1 is used for OEM integration so Can2 must be used for Slave Connections. Users can choose to have Can2 on S7+ as either Generic Can or Slave based on connection to PDU. If using slave then users can not connect the Keypad to a Slave Can and hence why it's shown in Orange to connect a keypad to Can1 on the PDU. (Terminated Resistor will be required on Keypad if wired this way)

S8 - Has 2 Can Available, both Can are fully configurable and can accept Slave Can. If it a PNP kit then a Can Bridge will also be a node on Can1 from the S8 so leave Can1 for Generic Can connections to the PDU.

S12 - Has 3 Can Available, All Can are fully configurable and can accept Slave Can. If it a PNP kit then a Can Bridge will also be a node on Can1 from the S8 so leave Can1 for Generic Can connections to the PDU.

Canbus Soft Inputs and Outputs

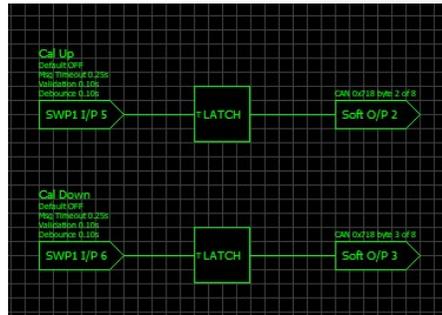
The Canbus soft input allows the PDU to receive 8 Bit messages as Inputs for using in the PDU Logic Pages, this is useful for when a slave connection is not used from the PDU to the Ecu for receiving states like Fuel Pump, Fan Etc.



The Can ID for receiving Soft Inputs is set in Cal – Communications. In the side screenshot, Soft I/P Base is set below at 0x710. Soft Inputs #1-8 will use 0x710 then Soft Inputs #9-16 will use 0x711. This is all adjustable.

The Can Speed is set at 1mb

The Soft Outputs allow for logic states on the PDU to be sent over Can also to the other devices on the canbus. This is set on the side screenshot so SoftOutput 1-8 is using 0x718. This is useful if wanting to send a keypad button to the ECU for changing calibration etc.



On the Syvecs Ecu side the Soft Output receiving is setup in the Datastreams area.

Set the Can Speed to match what is used on the PDU communication setup.

Generic CAN Receive is used for receiving the 8 Bit messages from the PDU, Enable Receive B, Set the Receive B Bus to the canbus used on the ecu, Set the Canbus identifier to match the Soft Outputs set in the PDU Setup. In this case 0x718



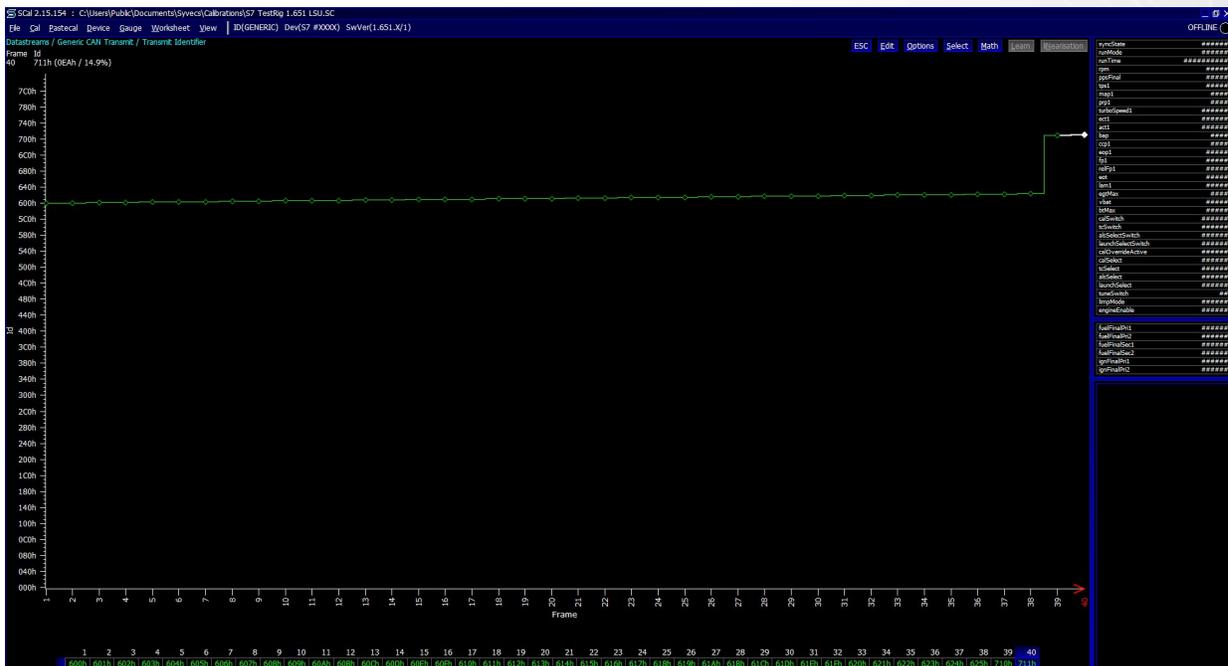
The pin assignment can then be set to the Xcan Receive B Item number so that the SoftOut Logic from the PDU is able to be used for the ECU Parameter state.

Soft Output 1 in the PDU would in this case equal Xcan Receive B01

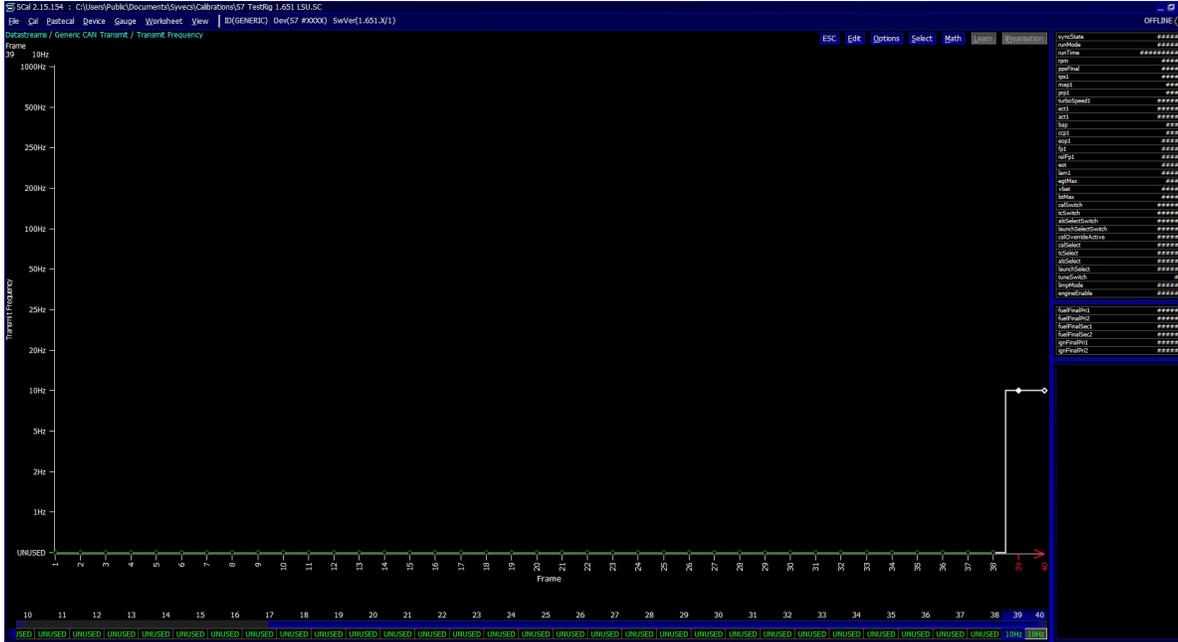


The other way around so sending data from the ECU to the PDU is done using the Generic Can Transmit.

Set the Transmit Bus to match what is used for the connection to the PDU, Transmit Identifier needs to match what is set for Soft Input on the PDU, in this case 0x710, suggest to do this on the last Frame slots like shown below as the rest of the content section might be setup for other can interfaces.



Set the Transmit Frequency for the Identifiers set at 100hz



Set the PDUctI states in the Transmit Content of the Frames used

